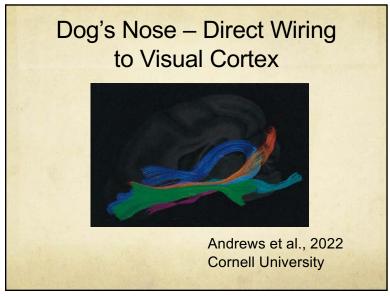
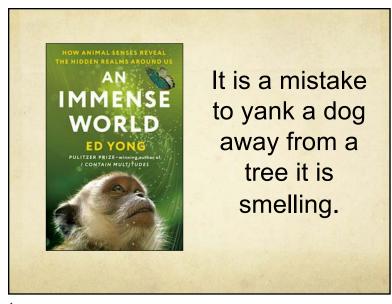


# Animals Live in a Sensory Based World

- Get away from verbal language to understand animals
- What is the animal seeing, hearing, smelling, and touching?







I see movies in my imagination and this helped me understand animals

Little Rainman by Karen Simmons

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- When I was young, I thought everybody thought in pictures
- Learning that I thought differently provided great insight



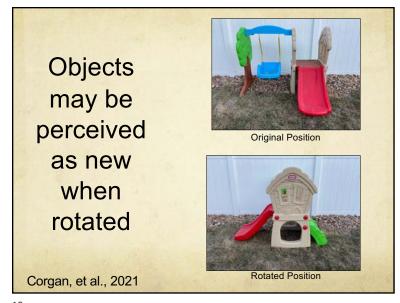


Sudden new things and experiences are frightening to both animals and people with autism

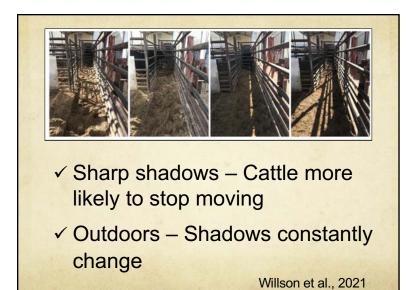
## **Many Problems With:**

- Many dogs lead too sheltered a life and are afraid of new things
- ➤ Edwards et al. (2019) Dogs that fear their veterinarian are also afraid of any new situation

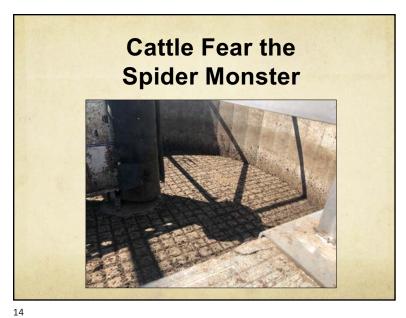
9







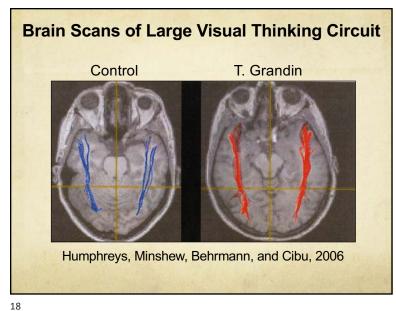


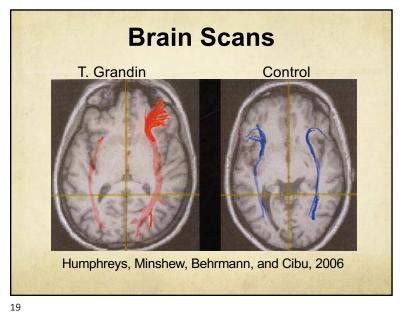


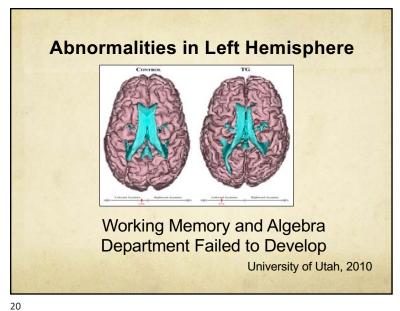












# Develop Talents in the Individual's Specialist Brain

- Photo Realistic Visual Thinking Object Visualizer Poor at algebra
- 2. Pattern Thinker Music and Math Visual Spatial Poor in reading
- 3. Verbal Thinker has thoughts in words Poor at drawing
- 4. Auditory Thinker Learns better with hearing words



There can be mixtures of these thinking types

21

# This horse is afraid of black cowboy hats because he was abused by a person wearing a black hat



White hats cause no reaction

Animal fears are very specific

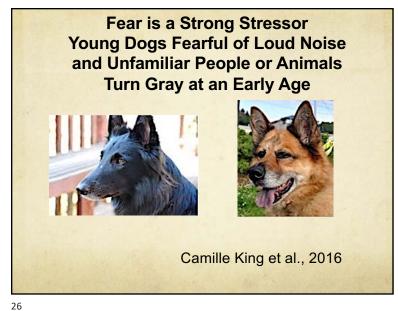
# Calm Animals Easier to Handle 20 to 30 Minutes to Calm Down



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- ✓ The importance of reducing fear is now being recognized
- ✓ Fear free methods are being used at veterinary clinics
- ✓ Fear of the Veterinarian is a common problem





## Fear is the Main Emotion in Autism

## My Amygdala (Fear Center) is Three Times Larger

University of Utah, 2010

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# Low Fear Dogs Lower Stress

- ✓ Bold personality makes domestic dogs entering a shelter less vulnerable to disease
- √ Shy dogs (high fear) poorer immune parameters

Corsetti et al., 2018

### **Animals Have Emotions**



- Prozac works on dogs.
   Increases serotonin at nerve endings
- O Brain systems where emotions originate are located in subcortical brain areas that are similar in all mammals
- Neurotransmitters same

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# Genetics of Horse Domestication

- ☐ Two small genetic changes associated with greater use of horse
- ☐ Increase in serotonin neurons
- ☐ Decrease in back pain
- □ Chariot invented



Librado et al., 2021

#### **Core Emotions**

- ☐ **FEAR** Most primitive emotion for survival (Amygdala) (Shy or bold personality)
- □ **RAGE** Anger (Hypothalamus)
- □ PANIC Separation anxiety (Penaqeductal area brain stem) (Isolation stress)
- □ SEEKING Approach novelty (Nucleus Acumbens) (High or low exploration personality)
- □ ADDITIONAL EMOTIONS Lust, caring, play

Jaak Panksepp, Affective Neuroscience, 1998 and Panksepp, 2011

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## Music Mixing – Board of Emotion

- ✓ High or low FEAR (Shy or bold) cows, separate trait from aggression
- ✓ High or low SEEK (Exploration) Go getter, Laid back cows

Perez-Torres et al., 2014; Goodman et al., 2016



## Research by Dr. Gregory Berns, **Emory University** Reward circuits in dog's brain are activated similar to humans when they smell familiar people or see hand signals associated with food Credit: Wired Magazine, wired.com

## Chickens and Rats Self Medicate with Pain Killers

- Artificially create an arthritic joint
- Provide two feeders or water bowls
  - One contains a bitter tasting pain killer and the other contains plain feed or water
- Animals choose the pain killer when the joint is inflamed and switch away from it as the joint heals

Colpaert et al., 2001

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# A 45-minute daily play and training period reduces cortisol levels in shelter dogs housed individually in a noisy kennel





Contact 26 mg/ml No Contact 41 mg/ml

Coppola et al., 2006

## **Dog Park That Works**



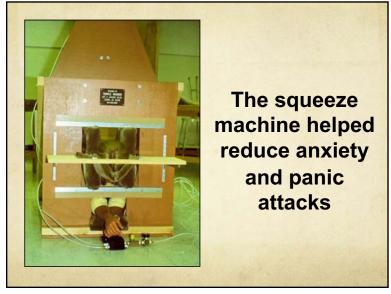
- > Attentive staff
- No outside food or toys to prevent resource guarding
- Really aggressive dogs not allowed

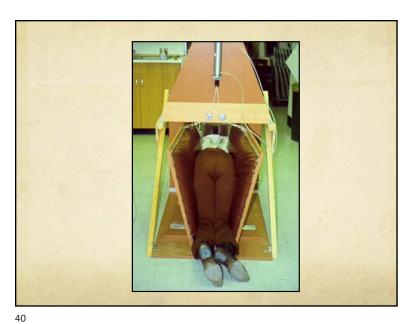
37

## Pressure Wrap Effects Reduces Separation Distress

- > Reduced heart rate
- More effective on dogs not on medication
- Dogs spent less time orienting towards the door of the kennel

King et al., 2014





# Brain Can Be Either More Cognitive Thinking or More Social Emotional

- Solitary mammals provide an animal model for autism
- Dog sociability and friendliness genetically related to Williams Syndrome

Reser et al., 2014; Von Holdt et al., 2017

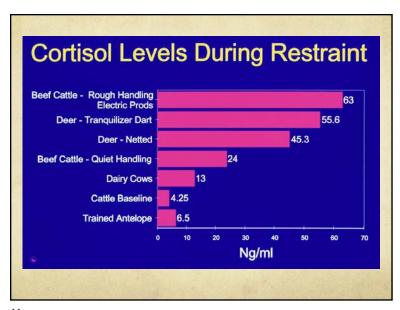
41

Compared to wolves, dogs will look to people to help them solve a difficult problem. This behavior is heritable (Persson, et al., 2015)

The Same Gene
Sequences That Give
Humans a Large Brain,
May Also Cause Autism,
Schizophrenia, and
Epilepsy

Sikela and Searles, 2018

43



#### Voluntary Cooperation Greatly Lowers or Eliminates Fear Stress





Grandin et al.,1998

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# Good Stockmanship is Important

- O Pigs easier to move and lower heart rate when acclimated to walking in alleys (Lewis et al., 2008; Geverlink et al., 1998)
- Acclimating heifers to moving through chutes lowered cortisol and improved reproductive performance (Cook et al., 2012)



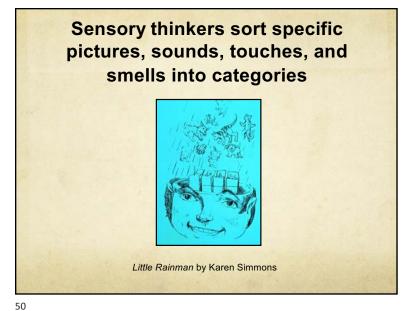
Horses will show less fearful behavior when confronted with a novel object when they were with a familiar person. Heart rate stays the same

(Marshall and Christensen, 2015)

Owner present during veterinary exam lowers heart rate and less fear behaviors

(Stellato et al., 2020)

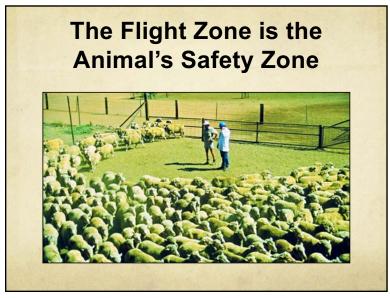




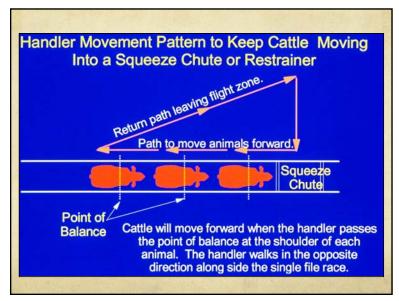
- > All my thinking uses specific examples to create concepts
- ➤ It is bottom up thinking and not top down thinking
- ➤ I learned ALL concepts using specific examples put into categories

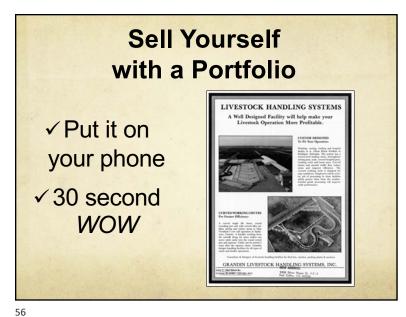
## **Bottom Up Thinking**

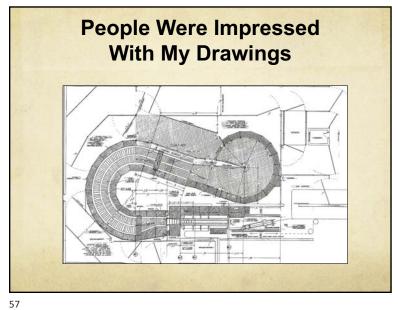
- > Animals
- People with Autism
- > Computer Artificial Intelligence

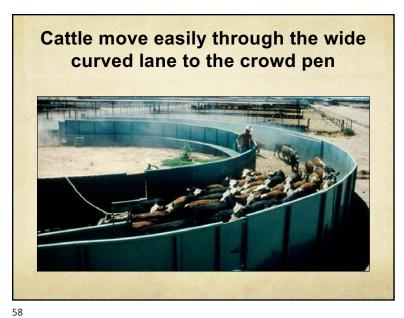












## **Non-Slip Flooring is Essential**

- Animals get agitated when they slip
- Squeeze chutes, stocks, scales, unloading ramps

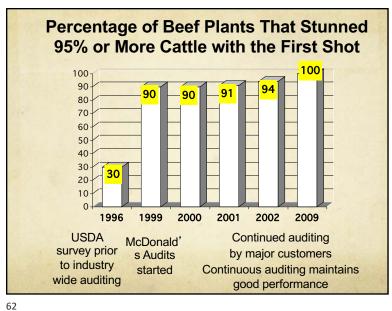


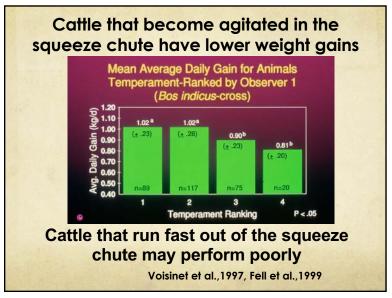
Steer coming out of squeeze chute

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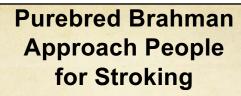
- Measuring Livestock
   Handling Prevents Bad From
   Becoming Normal
- People Want the Thing More than the Management

	Average	Range
Electric Prod %	5.5	0 to 45
ocalization % *	1.3	0 to 6
Exit Falling %	0.8	0 to 2
Exit Stumble %	6.7	0 to 28
Miscaught %	2.2	0 to 16
Exit Run %	30.7	2 to 75
* No branding, castration, or dehorning		R. Woiwode, 2014





- Do not over select for temperament
- Genetic differences in maternal behavior
- Difference in vigilance
- · Some mothers call their calf
- A few poor mothers walk away
   Florecke et al., 2012





# Critical Control Points for Cattle Welfare

- ✓ Handling scoring
- ✓ Sores, lesions, damaged knee joints, swollen leg joints
- ✓ Lameness and mobility
- ✓ Dirty animals
- ✓ Body condition
- ✓ Ammonia levels Indoor animals
- ✓ Heat stress Open mouth breathing in cattle
- ✓ Coat condition

# **Example: Lameness is an Outcome of Many Bad Conditions**

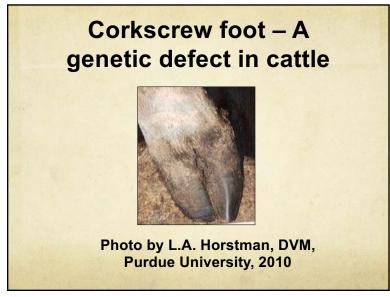
- Agitated Cattle Scuff Hooves (toe abscesses)
- \* Rapid Growth
- Poor Leg Conformation
- Poor Foot Care
- Foot Disease
- Injuries
- ❖ Beta-Agonists Hot Weather

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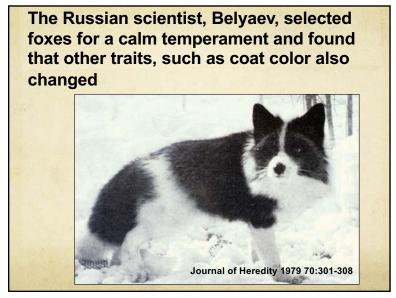
# Poor Leg Conformation Causes Lameness and Difficulty Walking Correct Collapsed Poor Straight Post Poor

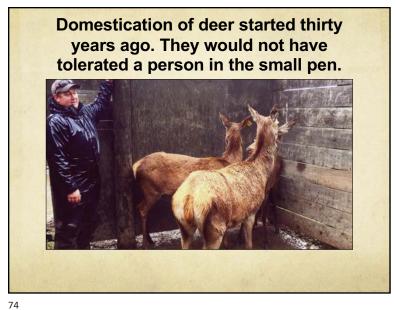


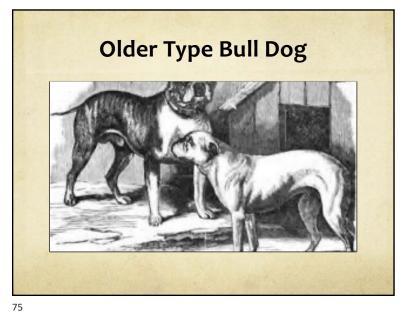


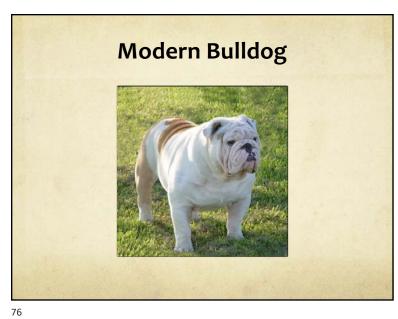


















# Need to Look at Quality of Life When Assessing Welfare

- Preventing suffering is not sufficient
- Does the animal have positive emotions

## Does an Animal Have a **Life Worth Living?**

- ✓ Heavy broiler will ride swinging platform
- ✓ Requires really good management



