

In an increasingly self-aware and conscious society, 53% of US beauty consumers are seeking to learn more about product ingredients and their efficacy to make better personalized choices in achieving their beauty health and appearance goals¹.

Skin is a dynamic organ. Deep within our skin we rely on a complex extracellular network made of molecules such as collagen and hyaluronic acid to help maintain its healthy structure and function². Our skin is constantly stressed due to a variety of factors, including ultraviolet (UV) light exposure, oxidative stress, and more – all of which can lead to visible effects we associate with aging¹.

Methylsulfonylmethane (MSM), the active molecule within OptiMSM®, acts a bioavailable source of dietary sulfur³ that provides our skin with critical nutrition it needs to stay healthy⁴. Sulfur helps our skin in two ways: by providing critical building blocks that our skin relies on and supporting important antioxidant systems in the body to help defend against oxidative stress⁴.

Supplementation with OptiMSM® provides multiple benefits for our skin – from reducing the appearance of fine lines and wrinkles⁵ to improving skin texture and firmness⁶.

As we age it's essential to strengthen, protect, and nourish your hair, skin, and nails. Daily supplementation of OptiMSM® supports and preserves key building blocks of connective tissue such as collagen and keratin, to help support healthy aging delivering beauty from within.

Supplementation of OptiMSM® is recommended at 1g per day.

OptiMSM® is a source of sulfur³ that:

- Is a key component of healthy collagen*
- Works to support healthy hair, skin, and nails*
- Supports the production of glutathione, an important antioxidant in the body*

OptiMSM® supplementation has been shown to:

- Decrease the appearance of wrinkles5*
- Improve skin firmness6*
- Improve skin texture6*
- Improve skin elasticity6*

1. Kantar Profiles/Mintel, Aug 2021, Sep 2021; Dynata/Mintel, Aug 2022: US: 1,545 internet users aged 18+ who research ingredients used in products;

2. Michels A. Micronutrient Information Center, Linus Pauling Institute, Oregon State University. "Skin Health" 3. Miller L, et al., Nutrients 2021; 13(10): 3620. Doi: 10.3390/nu13103620

4. Institute of Medicine, 2005. Dietary Reference Intakes for Water, Potassium, Sodium, Chloride, and Sulfate.

5. Simpson P, Benjamin R. J Clin Exp Dermatol Res 2022; 13(5): 1000622. 6. Anthonavage M, et al., Nat Med J 2015; 7(11): 1-10.

*THE STATEMENTS HAVE NOT BEEN EVALUATED BY THE FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION.
THESE STATEMENTS AND THE PRODUCTS OF THIS COMPANY ARE NOT INTENDED TO DIAGNOSE,
TREAT, CURE OR PREVENT ANY DISEASE.



